The M'Kean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. $2.00 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

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H. F. BARBOUR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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JOB PRINTING!

We have a large and complete assortment of Plain and Fancy Type and excellent Presses and are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing, neatly, cheaply and promptly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

BYRON D. HAMLIN & SON,

Law & Land Office.

AGENCY OF THE

KEATING LANDS.

Situated in the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Smethport, Pa.

BACKUS & MILLIKEN,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.

OFFICE—Upstairs in Shartswell Block, on Main Street.

W. J. MILLIKEN. JOHN C. BACKUS

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Will give his attention to all matters pertaining to a profession.

OFFICE—FORD BLOCK,

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA.

R. H. ROSE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care.

P. R. COTTER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will be promptly attended to his care will receive his [illegible] attention. Particular attention to collections.

G. A. BERRY,

Attorney at Law,

Notary Public, U. S. Commissioner.

Office in Exchange Building, Main St.,

BRADFORD, McKEAN CO., PA

O. A. HOTCHKISS,

Attorney at Law.

Office over Parker & Mason's store,

MAIN STREET, BRADFORD, PA

R. B. STONE,

Attorney at Law.

Office with Levi Bradley, over Pemberton's Store,

BRADFORD, PA.

PHYSICIANS.

FREEMAN & BROWN,

PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend promptly to all calls on their profession.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend to all calls in his profession.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,

Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,

15 Fraley Street, KANE, PA.

Special attention given to all professional calls.

E. A. VanSooy,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession. Office in Van Sooy Building, corner of Corydon and Mechanic Streets.

F. W. HOGARTH,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will attend to all calls in his profession.

OFFICE IN HIS STORE

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

[illegible] for me; also applications for [illegible] which give information [illegible] of this Estate, in McKean [illegible] in a notary's office in the Court House.

JOHN C. SIMPSON,

Agent of the Trustees.

Bradford, Dec. 24, 1875.

SARTWELL BROTHERS'

BILLIARD SALOON

—AND—

Restaurant,

SARTWELL BLOCK, SECOND FLOOR,

Smethport, Pa.

O. W. SARTWELL. S. D. SARTWELL.

C. V. GILLIS,

DEALER IN

DRUGS

Paints, Oils,

FANCY GOODS, Etc.,

KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS. O. M. JAMES

DAVIS & JAMES,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed,

Clothing, Notions,

Hardware and General Merchandise,

KANE, PA.

W. B. SIBBETT & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FINE HATS, CAPS,

FURS, ROBES, Etc.

Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

THE LARGEST DEALERS IN THIS CLASS OF GOODS IN WESTERN NEW YORK.

BONNEY'S

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Terrace, near Main St.,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.

P. E. STONE, Clerk,

Late Proprietor of the Olean House

OLEAN HOUSE,

GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Prop.

UNION STREET,

OLEAN, N. Y.

Convenient to Depots

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.

The above House has been recently Rebuilt, Refurnished and Excited in the Latest Style for the Convenience of Guests

CABINET SHOP,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT

WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.

PAINTING & GRAINING.

The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner, and at reasonable rates.

Graining by a New and Cheap Process.

I make a Specialty of Graining, by a new process, by which I can do it at an expense of less than half the time and money it would cost by the old way

CARL SASSE.

E. R. SHATTUCK,

RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES & LIQUORS,

OLEAN, N. Y.

Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.

Quantities less than five (5) gallons carefully boxed and packed

ALFRED STURDEVANT

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his new quarters,

In the Bennett House.

HE IS PREPARED TO DO

SHAVING and HAIR DRESSING

In the Highest style, and at the Lowest Price

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

COLLARS, CUFFS,

And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

S. A. BISHOP,

Architect and Superintendent.

Office on Second Floor of "Miner" Block,

SMETHPORT, PA.

W. S. BROWNELL,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

MOTTO—Quick Sales, Small Profits

Store Opposite Baptist Church,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Patronage is respectfully solicited.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

BARRETT BROTHERS,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

—AND—

HOUSE MOLDINGS,

Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Etc.,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

BENNETT HOUSE,

Opposite the Court House,

SMETHPORT, PA.

WM. HASKILL, Proprietor.

This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough being directly opposite the Court House, and in the centre of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the most elegantly arranged and best furnished Hotel in northern Pennsylvania.

☞ Guests are always treated satisfaction

WRIGHT HOUSE,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

B. F. WRIGHT, - - Proprietor.

First-Class in Every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

Taylor House,

LARRABEE, P.O.

D. F. PATTISON, Proprietor.

This House is located at the junction of the D., N. Y. & P., and M. K. and B. Railroads. It has been newly fitted and furnished, and no pains will be spared to accommodate Guests.

☞ A clean meal and clean bed guaranteed.

LARRABEE HOUSE,

Larrabee, Pa.

R. LARRABEE, Proprietor.

Located but a few steps from the Mailman & Buffalo, and the D., N. Y. & Philadelphia Depots.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

ED. DOLAN, Proprietor,

Cor. MAIN AND MECHANIC STREETS,

Bradford, McKean County, Pa.

J. P. WENDEL,

DEALER IN

Fine Groceries

AND

PROVISIONS,

Flour, Pork, Lard, Salt, Fish,

SELECTED TEAS.

Pure COFFEES and SPICES.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

And a great variety of all other goods usually kept in a First-class Store.

Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. C. HAMLIN,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

RANGES, STOVES,

Shelf Furniture, Tinware,

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,

And every article to be found in a first-class Hardware Establishment.

JOB WORK of all kinds done at short notice by good workmen.

Cor. Main and Church Streets,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Black Rupert's Leap.

Black Rupert, speed! Your glossy neck,
That never yet has felt the lash,
Is ruffled with the hot foam's fleck.
Across the rolling prairie dash,
Although a double load you bear.

The sunburnt grass was dead and dry,
A jealous enemy was near,
And from his bitter hate we fly.
Black Rupert, speed, by all that's dear!
To 'scape the fate we three may share.

Too late—too late! Your quivering flank
Heaves, and your blood-stained eyeballs glare;
And nearer yet come, hot and rank,
The stifling smoke and cruel flare
Of flames that race before the wind.

On! Rupert, on! For life or death!
The hand that loves you flies the whip;
And scorching torments catch the breath
That trembles on my darling's lip.
On! Rupert, from the hell behind.

A falter! Ah, the cruel lash!
A crash of stones—a gleaming light—
And in our front a fiery flash.
Thank God! the torrent meets our sight
Amid the foliage which it fed.

A bound—a rushing through the air—
And Rupert's sinews, tried as steel,
Have borne us o'er the stream, and there,
Safe by brave Rupert's form, we kneel—
But he is motionless and dead!

MINNA'S FAITHFULNESS.

A Story of Hard Times.

"Some days must be cold and dark and dreary, but I don't see why they all must be so. It is so much easier to bear trials when the sun shines, and the light of old Sol's face does make everything look so much better."

Thus soliloquized a dark haired girl of eighteen, seated in a pretty little sitting room, furnished with all the taste and refinement possible for people in moderate circumstances.

She was a sweet looking little lady—quite in keeping with the room in which she sat. But her face wore a sad and weary expression, and her eyes had a perplexed and troubled look, as of one who turns over and over a difficult question, coming no nearer at the end to the answer. She sat alone in the room, and before her was a chaos of what she called "holy things," which meant garments to be made by many stitches and much planning to be as good as new, "and to wear twice as long." On her lap she held a small writing desk open, upon which laid a clean sheet of paper. With pencil in hand, she mused thus:

"I thought I would try—I don't see why I can't write as good a story as ever so many I have read—and papa needs the money so much. Well, I won't do it now; I'll wait until night, and first attack this mending, so mamma will not have quite such a high mountain of difficulty to surmount. Oh, if papa only would consent to my leaving him! I feel sure I could earn something."

This remark was interrupted by Minna's mother, who entered the room just then, and said:

"Minna, dear, do give that idea up; you know it would almost kill your father to give you up, and you would have to go so far away. I feel, my daughter, that as his health is spared to him in these hard times we must be willing to suffer any loss or make any sacrifice."

Mr. Greenhurst, Minna's father, was in a most trying position. He had for many years been the honored cashier of a bank in the thriving town of Westfield, with every prospect of wealth before him, when they found one morning that the teller had embezzled to such an amount as to cause the entire overthrow of the bank, and Mr. Greenhurst was thrown entirely out of employment. His family consisted of himself, wife and two daughters. One we have introduced; the other was a girl of twelve, called Lissette. He was an exceedingly proud and ambitious man. Before this he had made investments which promised largely, but had proved utter failures, and from being a man in comfortable wealth he was reduced almost to penury. His eldest daughter had received a good offer of a situation as ladies' companion, but it was several hundreds of miles away and he could not bear that his favorite child should be so far separated from him and in such a position. He was waiting and hoping that his friends would help him to get in business again, and it would not be necessary to make any change. So we see why mother and daughter were seated over a pile of old dresses, turning and twisting, to make up a nice spring outfit of last year's wardrobe.

Soon the clock struck three and Mrs. Greenhurst arose, folded her work and went out to prepare dinner. Lissette came home from school and Mr. Greenhurst came home, tired and weary, to be comforted by Minna's loving voice. She went to him and tenderly drew his head toward her, saying, in as bright a tone as she could command:

"Never mind, father; it will be all right sometime. I feel sure it will!"

"Minna," said Mr. Greenhurst, wearily, "I am afraid I shall have to let you go. I can find nothing to do, and I only have twenty-five dollars left, and we cannot live on that long."

Two days passed in much the same way as this for two months longer. All that time, the twenty-five dollars having long ago been used up, the family had been running behind hand Mr. Greenhurst was still out of business, and the creditors were pressing him for money. The mother and daughter were obliged to see men taking account of their furniture for payment of their debts, in case Mr. Greenhurst should fail to pay. Meantime, Minna had been begging her father to let her help him, unwilling to leave him without his consent, but feeling the pressing necessity of doing something.

One evening Mr. Greenhurst came home in great distress—his creditors refused to wait longer and were going to advertise his house for sale, if they were not satisfied before a certain time. This decided the agitated question; Minna prepared to leave home the following evening. Just before, she went to the creditors that they should be paid—pledging her first month's salary as one payment.

We will pass over the preparations for the journey and the sad leave takings. Minna had been in her home a week. It was a pleasant house, as far as money could make it so, but one could not be long in the family and not see they were unhappy. The reason was they were not working in unison. They were a family devoted to this world only, the father wholly absorbed in business, the mother and daughter giving themselves entirely to the enjoyments of the world. Minna's charge, the feeble old mother, was a Christian, but her disease (paralysis) had affected her mind, so there was little comfort there for Minna, who was an earnest disciple of Christ, striving to follow Him with all the ardor of her young heart.

Many were the trials she was subjected to, both in the want of sympathy, which she hourly felt, and the daily round of duties which she performed for the old lady. Many times she longed for home and the loving friends there. But she prayed earnestly for help and bravely bore burdens which at first seemed too heavy for her shoulders, unaccustomed to such weight.

Her influence was not without its effect on the worldly family. The young daughter learned to love her as a sister, and by all the family she was treated as an honored friend. Old Mrs. Ormstead would often say:

"Well, child, I never saw any one as good as you are to me. I can never get along without you again."

Minna sent cheerful letters home, filled with the brightest of her life, and several times she had been able to send money which she had earned by writing articles for the papers. Her letters were a great comfort. Matters were beginning to look brighter there. Mr. Greenhurst had found something to do, which, though it was not very remunerative, was a great help. He had given up brooding over the absence of his child and was looking forward to her return. Lissette had left school and occupied a position in a store, so some of the burden was lifted from Minna. During her absence she had almost paid off one mortgage on the home.

One morning Minna awoke with a feeling of dread resting on her heart. Before the day was over she knew what it meant. Mrs. Ormstead had a severe stroke of paralysis, which left her perfectly helpless. What seemed very singular was her mind seemed clearer than before. The days that were left to her taught the family more than one useful lesson. They learned to love her as they never had done before, and promised to try to follow her Savior. Minna was untiring in her faithfulness to her, for which she expressed her gratitude up to the last moment.

After her death it was found she had left her a small remembrance in money, which made her heart full of tenderness for the dear old friend she had grown to love so much. Minna stayed to the funeral, and then returned home, much to the sorrow of the lonely family, but greatly to the joy of her loving ones at home.

Her first work after her arrival was to seek a new position. She found one as bookkeeper, where she received a good salary, and could still be at home. She persuaded Lissette to leave her place and go back to school, and in every way she continues to be the greatest possible comfort to them all, taking the burdens of others upon herself, and making this her motto always:

"Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life." M. J. S.

After the Centennial.

At a special meeting of the Centennial commissioners at Fairmount park, it was agreed to allow the Main exhibition building to remain in the park, subject to certain terms and conditions, of which the following are the most important: "That the said building shall be removed and the ground restored at the expense of the proposed corporation within two years after notice from the park commissioners; that this license is only given for the purpose of an exhibition for the pleasure and instruction of the public, and not for the sale of goods, except such as are necessary for carrying out such design; that the maximum charge for admission shall be twenty-five cents for five days in the week; and each Saturday ten cents shall be the maximum charge, and if the revenues derived shall be in excess of the amount required to pay the needful expenses, additions, and maintenance, with six per centum interest on the actual capital invested by the company, then the admission fee shall be reduced so that the public may enjoy the exhibition at the lowest possible charge."

ELECTING A PRESIDENT.

How the Next Electoral Vote of the United States Will be Counted.

The subject of the method of counting the vote for the next President of the United States becomes one of great importance. Much has been written about the joint rules governing the House and Senate, but from the proceedings at the last session of Congress, it would appear that no joint rules are in existence. The record shows that when the House met last winter, on motion of Mr. Randall, it adopted the joint rules in Barclay's "Digest." The concurrent resolution was certified to the Senate and duly sent to the Senate. When it was announced Senator Edmunds rose in his place and stated that there was no necessity for immediate action, as he was convinced that the rules should be amended, and for this reason he entered a motion, which prevailed, which referred the House resolution on the subject to the committee on rules. After some delay the committee on rules of the Senate brought in a substitute for the House resolution, the most important amendment being urged by Senator Morton with reference to the twenty-second joint rule, which prescribes the manner for counting the electoral vote. In substance the Morgan amendment abrogated the right of either House to object to the counting of the vote of any State, as was provided for by the rules of Barclay's "Digest." After a good deal of discussion in the Senate, in which the importance of amending the rule was urged by Senator Morton, Senator Thurman moved an amendment. It being only technical, and having no effect to impair what Mr. Morton sought to accomplish, the latter accepted the Thurman amendment, and as thus amended the concurrent resolution of the House adopting the rules set forth in Barclay's "Digest" was passed. It was returned to the House for concurrent action. The committee on rules of that body, of which ex Speaker Kerr was chairman, proceeded to consider the Senate amendments, and had agreed to report the Senate substitute to the House for its action, when some of the Democrats in the Senate, fearing that they had made a mistake, entered a motion to reconsider the previous action of the Senate on the subject, and the motion was carried. The effect of this was to recall the resolution from the House. It was recalled, and up to the end of the session was not again acted upon. About ten days before Congress adjourned the House passed a resolution rescinding for the rest of the session the joint rules of the two Houses. When it reached the Senate, Senator Edmunds said that the proposition was absurd inasmuch as there was no proposition to suspend and the resolution was laid on the table.

Now, in point of fact, there being no joint rules, the Constitution will alone prescribe the manner of counting the vote. It provides that on the second Tuesday in February, in the presence of both Houses of Congress, the Vice-President presiding, shall count the votes of the several States, and the persons having the highest number of votes shall be declared elected respectively President and Vice-President. This being the only rule which can govern the count, neither House of Congress can object to the reception of the vote of any State.

It is to be remembered, however, that the Democrats of the House of Representatives do not concede that the twenty-second joint rule is repealed. They hold that a formal act is required for its repeal, and argue that the fact that the joint rules of Congress have sometimes been allowed to stand without formal ratification sustains this view of the question.—*New York Evening Post.*

In Position.

William Slade, a resident of Detroit, returned from the Black Hills. A *Free Press* reporter called at the house to see what interesting fact could be gleaned in regard to the gold country, and found William in good health. After some little conversation the reporter asked:

"Didn't John James go with you?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did he also return?"

"No; he didn't want to come."

"Doing well, was he?"

"He seemed to be."

"Was he making money?"

"I don't think he was," answered William. "He wasn't working very hard when I last saw him."

"Had a good position for the winter, at least?" queried the reporter.

"It seemed to be a good position, and I suppose he'll hold it all winter. He is in a box, and about four feet under ground, and I don't know why he shouldn't stay there!"

That was all William had to say, and about all he cared to tell regarding the Hills.

The Iron Ring.

The Vienna correspondent of the New York *Times* says that, while affairs look better in Constantinople, one can trace all around Turkey the iron ring prepared by Russia, which is closing and tightening rapidly and firmly. Servia and Montenegro are friendly again. The latter has promised to accept no armistice extending beyond the present year. It is understood that Roumania will not make common cause with Russia if she can avoid it.

How Custer Became a General Officer

One of the most striking things in the late General Custer's history was the rapidity of his rise in military rank. He was promoted at once from the rank of lieutenant to that of brigadier general, in recognition of the courage and skill which he showed in the fight at Aldie, Virginia. He had said to his companions, while yet only a lieutenant, that he would one day become a general officer, and they had taken an annoying habit of twitting him on the subject in various ways. The story of his actual promotion is thus told in the "Life of General Custer":

One evening, eleven days after Aldie, when Custer returned to headquarters, after a long ride, in which he had been posting the pickets of the entire corps for the night, he was greeted in the large tent, where the staff was wont to gather at night, by the salutations: "Hallo, general!" "How are you, general!" "Gentlemen, General Custer!" "Why, general, I congratulate you!" "You are looking well, general!" The greetings came from all quarters of the tent, where staff officers were lounging, smoking, chatting, laughing, telling stories. They impressed Custer as being merely a continuation of the usual fill natured banter on the subject of his aspirations, and, further, as being carried a little too far. However, he had always been noted for his remarkable control over a hot and hasty temper, and he was not going to allow his comrades to laugh him out of it on this occasion. Still, it was with some bitterness that he answered:

"You may laugh, boys. Laugh as long as you please, but I will be a general yet, for all your chaff. You see if I don't, that's all."

He was greeted by a universal shout of laughter in answer. It seemed as if his tormentors were determined to irritate him into an explosion; and they nearly succeeded; for his blue eyes began to flash, and he looked around as if seeking some one on whom to fix a quarrel. His old friend Yates (afterward brevet lieutenant-colonel, and captain in the Seventh United States cavalry, and one of the little band of heroes who fell with Custer), whom he had been himself the means of putting on Pleasonton's staff, came to his relief with a few words:

"Look on the table, old fellow. They're not chaffing." He pointed to the table in the tent, and there, in the midst, lay a large, official envelope, and on it was written: "Brigadier-General George A. Custer, U. S. Vols."

The reaction was instantaneous, and the young fellow was completely overcome. A moment later, and all his old comrades were gathered around him in real earnest, congratulating and shaking hands, while Custer, too much overpowered to speak, could only smile faintly, turn very pale, find his eyes full of tears, and sink down in a chair, feeling very much as if he was going to make a fool of himself and cry. However, he regained his self-control in a few moments, and was able to thank his comrades, who were really in earnest this time, and after a while was permitted to read the orders which accompanied his commission, and which directed him to report to General Pleasonton for instructions.

Diphtheria.

Diphtheria appears in three varieties, which are thus briefly described: 1. Fever, severe pains in the back and limbs, and very great prostration. There may be no soreness of the throat, but small white specks will be noticed on the tonsils. 2. Large patches of false membrane both on the tonsils and back of the throat; but the glands of the neck do not become swollen. 3. True malignant diphtheria, with swelling of the glands of the neck and under the jaw; profuse and often offensive exudations in the mouth and throat; more or less discharge from the nostrils. Simple treatment will usually cause a recovery in a majority of cases under the first and second varieties. Chlorate of potash, tannin, and sulphate of iron, put dry upon the tongue and allowed to dissolve slowly, are found the most efficient remedies in the early stages of the disease. The dose should be small, and repeated every hour. Chlorate of potash is, perhaps, the best and most simple remedy for home use. But the advice of a good physician should be sought on the first symptoms of this dangerous disease.

Displayed Advertising.

Somebody took the New York *Sun* to task for its displayed advertising. The paper replies as follows: The *Sun* has just such an advertising business as it desires. It is a newspaper, and advertisements with it are a very secondary consideration. Whenever advertisements have too much crowded upon its reading columns it has raised the price of advertising, so as to keep that part of the paper within the desired limits. As for the large display type, that is a matter of taste, and those who choose to pay for that luxury at the rate of eighty cents per line, solid measure, can always enjoy it. We treat our customers precisely alike in the matter of typography, since each one gets exactly what he pays for.

A Minnesota photographer has sold 50,000 pictures of the bandits.

The M'Kean Miner.

H. F. Barbour - - Editor.

THURSDAY, NOV. 9, 1876.

SACRILEGE.

An Attempt to Steal the Remains of the Late President Lincoln.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A special to the *Herald* from Springfield, Ill., tells the following singular story:

A most daring attempt was made last evening by several scoundrels to break into the vault of the Lincoln monument at this place and steal therefrom the remains of the dead President. Some weeks ago it was suspected that designs of this kind were premeditated, and a strict and constant watch has been kept. It was thought that election night, everybody being busy over election matters, would be selected for the job. Elmer Washburn, late chief of the secret service, and United States detective Tirrell, with several assistants, were accordingly secreted in the reception room of the monument during the afternoon and evening. At 9 o'clock at night the attempt was made. the vault was entered, the sarcophagus was opened and the burial case drawn out, when the detectives sprang out, and by the accidental discharge of a revolver the monsters were frightened and fled into the shrubbery. They are now being pursued, and although there is but a slight clew to their identity they will doubtless be taken. The design was a deeply laid plan by sharp men to arrange for a ransom

Thanksgiving Day.

By the President of the United States of America—A Proclamation:

From year to year we have been accustomed to pause in our daily pursuits and set apart a time to offer our thanks to Almighty God for the special blessings He has vouchsafed to us, with our prayers for a continuance thereof

We have at this time equal reason to be thankful for His continued protection and for the many material blessings which His bounty has bestowed. In addition to the favors accorded to us as individuals, we have especial occasion to express our hearty thanks to Almighty God that by His providence and guidance our Government, established a century ago, has been enabled to fulfil the purpose of its founders in offering an asylum to the people of every race, securing civil and religious liberty to all within its borders, and meting out to every individual alike justice and equality before the law. It is, moreover, especially our duty to offer our humble prayers to the Father of all Mercies for a continuance of His divine favor to us as a nation and as individuals.

By reason of all these considerations I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend to the people of the United States to devote the 30th day of November next to the expression of their thanks and prayers to Almighty God, and laying aside their daily avocations and all secular occupations, to assemble in their respective places of worship and observe such day as a day of thanksgiving and rest.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this twenty-sixth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and first.

[Seal] U. S. GRANT.

By the President:
HAMILTON FISH, Sec. of State.

THE programme of fireworks for this evening at the Centennial Grounds looks well on paper. This is the closing piece: "Grand pyric display of one of the grandest spectacles ever witnessed, covering an area of 10,000 feet. This will commence with a spirited bombardment, when suddenly will blaze forth an immense pyric temple, a cluster of 13 columns bearing shields inscribed with the initials of the 13 original States, with date of formation of the Union, will support a dome studded with 38 stars, surrounding the seal of the United States. On the cornice of the dome will be inscribed an appropriate motto. Upon the apex will appear Liberty pointing to the American Eagle, soaring aloft with the starry banner in its beak, while rockets' red glare and bombs bursting in air will give proof to our friends that our flag is still there. The temple will be flanked right and left by two gorgeous fountains, which will pour out streams of golden fire, at the same time shooting high in air gems of every hue. This enchanting spectacle will end with a grand discharge of rockets, filling the heavens with every device of the pyric art."

THE ELECTIONS.

Hayes' Election Claimed.

THE RESULT DEPENDENT UPON FLORIDA AND LOUISIANA.

BOTH THESE STATES IN SERIOUS DOUBT.

The General Result.

The election of President is still undecided. The Republicans claim Louisiana and Florida, and if they have them Hayes is undoubtedly the next President. But the evidence from those states is not strong enough to count upon with any certainty. There is therefore no ground for confidence however hopeful the indications appear. It is certain that the margin between victory and defeat will be a *very narrow one.*

Pennsylvania is Republican by 30,000 majority.

Republican

VICTORY!

THE REPUBLICANS OF McKEAN COUNTY ELECT ALL BUT ONE ON THEIR TICKET.

State Ticket in the County.

HAYES'

Majority 107.

County Ticket.

MITCHELL'S

Majority 82.

SEYMOUR'S

Majority 82.

FOSTER'S

Majority 197.

BURNHAM'S

Majority 21.

We were not able to get the returns from the townships and boroughs of the county in time to publish them in this issue.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company seems destined to get through the Centennial without the Centennial railroad accident. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western has been the scene of the worst catastrophe yet, but a slight casualty at Elizabeth only served as an illustration of the admirable system which has enabled the Pennsylvania road to move a greater number of passengers than were ever carried before in the same space of time by any road in the world. Not only has this immense increase of traffic been attended to, but the regular business of the road has been transacted without unusual delay. And not a single passenger of the millions who have ridden in its cars, many of them hundreds of miles, has been injured by so much as a scratch. This enormous travel has been done over a double-track road with terminal stations costing less than half a million and yet affording every convenience. Business men will not fail to notice that a road which has so little capital sunk in permanent investments can afford to do its work cheaper than one which spends six millions on a single terminus and lays four tracks to do a business no larger than that of the Pennsylvania, and capitalists will have the right idea about a company which is thus judiciously economical in its expenditures.

IF Gov. Hayes has been defeated in this campaign he will be neither killed nor hurt by it, but will be a more prominent man and more widely respected by the American people than he was before. Nothing has been "found out" about him since his nomination that has not strengthened him, and he has shown how a man of culture and becoming modesty could pass through an exciting political canvass, contesting for the highest political honors to be won in any country, without losing his head. If, on the other hand, he has been elected, he will begin his administration with the fullest confidence of the people. In any event the closeness of the contest and the way it has been conducted will make the campaign and the candidates memorable.—*Buffalo Express.*

THE ADVENTURES OF TWEED.

His Escape, Capture in Cuba, Second Escape, and Recapture at Vigo—His Apprehension Due to Spanish Suspicions and Secretary Fish's Aruleness.

(Special Dispatch to the New York World.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The arrival of "Boss" Tweed is almost momentarily expected by the authorities here. The Navy Department regards the Franklin as now overdue. The fact that he will soon be on his native shores again induces the State Department to make public all that it knows of his escape and capture, which, compiled from official records, is to the following effect:

Tweed escaped from New York in a schooner, and was landed in a small boat from this schooner in an obscure spot, known as a fishing town, ten miles south of Santiago de Cuba. The vessel that brought Tweed from New York merely put into the small port for the purpose of landing Tweed and a young man who accompanied him. After the two were placed on shore the small boat returned to the schooner, whose name is unknown to the officials, when she headed about and stood out to sea again. A Cuban fisherman witnessed the secret landing of these two men, and at once suspected them of being men coming with aid and comfort for the Cuban insurgents. The suspicions of the fisherman were still further increased by the two men approaching him and offering him a considerable sum of money to convey them over to Santiago de Cuba, where they wished to go. He complied with their request, pocketed their money, and then turned them over to the Spanish authorities as suspicious characters, who had landed upon the island in such a secret manner that their presence certainly demanded an explanation. Tweed and his companion asserted that they were travelling for their health, but told so many conflicting stories as to still further accumulate suspicion against them. Tweed also exhibited passports made out at the State Department at Washington for himself under the name of Secor and Hunt for his companion, and which appear to have been obtained some time before Tweed's escape. Tweed said he was a citizen of Florida, and his passport confirmed him, and he was very indignant at his arrest. Notwithstanding his explanations and his passports he was placed in the custody of the admiral of the Spanish fleet at Santiago de Cuba, it being thought that as Tweed was captured while travelling by sea he belonged as a matter of right to the naval authorities. The American Consul at Santiago de Cuba, Alfred N. Young, reported all the facts of the capture of these American citizens to Consul General Hall at Havana. Hall at once reported by telegraph to the State Department here all the facts in the case as they had been sent to him. The State Department at once examined its records and found that the passports referred to were regular, and had been obtained, as the records showed, in due form. It then occurred to Secretary Fish, who was familiar with the many sensational stories that had been published in New York concerning Tweed's escape, that these two men, Secor and Hunt, might be the missing ones. He at once sent on a photograph of Tweed to Hall to have Secor, if possible, identified. This, of course, occupied some time, but Tweed was meanwhile kept in custody. Promptly upon the receipt of Tweed's photograph, Hall dispatched it to Santiago de Cuba, where Young at once identified Tweed. Hall then telegraphed to Secretary Fish that the man calling himself Secor was Tweed, and asked for instructions. Secretary Fish at once sent back word to the Consul General to see Captain General Joveller and present to him a full statement of the case and request that the Spanish Government deliver him up to the United States authorities. To this Joveller replied that it would give him much pleasure to grant the request. He at once issued an order addressed to the Admiral of the Spanish fleet requesting him to turn Tweed over to the Consul General at Havana, who was to hold him in custody until a United States vessel could be sent for him. Secretary Fish recounted to Robeson what he had done, and the latter directed a war vessel lying at Port Royal, S. C., to go to Havana for Tweed. But meanwhile it appears that Tweed had strong friends in Cuba, who aided him in again making his escape. An influential resident of Santiago de Cuba, not a Spaniard or an American, whose name is withheld by the State Department, was instrumental in persuading the Spanish Admiral to release Tweed upon his parole to visit Santiago de Cuba. Of course he violated his parole at once and again escaped. Consul Young then found out which way he had gone, and that he had taken passage upon the Carmen, a Spanish trading bark, bound for Vigo, Spain. Hall, at Havana, reported the escape to Joveller, who was very indignant. He at once communicated by cable with the government at Madrid, and it promptly responded by saying that a careful watch would be kept for the Carmen at Vigo and that upon her landing there her two passengers would be arrested and locked up to await the call for them by the American authorities This was in accordance with Joveller's demand, and was regarded here as satisfactory, as it made Tweed's capture a mere question of time. The very day that the news arrived here of the arrival of the Carmen at Vigo and Tweed's arrest, information was received at the Navy Department that the United States steamer Franklin was at Gibraltar, upon the eve of departing upon a homeward cruise. Instructions were at once cabled to her officers to proceed to Vigo and take Tweed on board, and bring him along. It is supposed that Tweed's companion was his nephew, although that point is of secondary importance to the State Department, and no information concerning him has been sought.

The passport which was obtained for Tweed in the name of Secor accurately describes him, and was granted upon the application by letter of Secor, who wrote that he was a citizen of Florida temporarily in New York and desired to go abroad.

RUSSIA and Turkey are reported to be negotiating directly with each other, and a conference of the powers may become unnecessary. M. Von Bulow, who is at the head of the foreign office of the German empire, said in the reichstag yesterday, in effect, that it was not likely that Germany would be affected by the course of the eastern question one way or the other; that its policy was always to remain a firm bulwark of peace. The porte, yielding to the demand of Russia, will evacuate Deligrad. The Servian army is so completely demoralized that it can hardly be said to exist at all. A conference at Constantinople has been proposed by England, which is to be on the basis of the integrity and independence of Turkey, and that the powers participating shall renounce all selfish objects of territorial aggrandizement. A Vienna correspondent of the *Times* reports that Russia's entire army is on a war footing, and is being made ready for all eventualities.

Results of Protection.

[From a letter of Hon. Henry S. Sanford to Thurlow Weed.]

A few items as to the results of protection to American industry may not be out of place here. The Russia, whence I have just landed, had, like most all ships from Europe, but a small amount of manufactured goods on freight. The agent at Queenstown told me their freights outward hardly paid for the handling, while they were crammed with produce and American articles inward at high rates. "How we are to pay for these prodigious Americans imports," said our good Captain Cook, "bothers me." On board the steamer were several Englishmen, coming with their capital to erect mills for lost customers and to be numbered among our home consumers—most remarkable among all, the representatives of an iron company alone, with $500,000 capital, to erect blast furnaces and iron works in East Tennessee. Another was associate in one of the largest English carpet establishments, and said his firm was going to erect a mill here. Some Sheffield people told me that two large cutlery establishments were in course of erection by Sheffield manufacturers in this country; that after importing from us knife-blades for English cutlery they were coming to profit by our more intelligent labor and labor-saving machinery which their work-unions prohibited the use of at home. I could multiply similar instances; in fine, I have thus incidentally learned of six large manufacturing establishments erecting North, or about to be, with English capital.

Again, a gentleman from New Zealand on board told me that he loaded thence at San Francisco by the monthly steamer with 205 passengers on their way to England, mostly to buy goods; that, attracted by the superiority or cheapness of the American articles, he had purchased some on his way through (he mentioned a large invoice of crosscut saws among other things), but now had returned to complete purchase of manufactured goods for his New Zealand trade, which he could make to better advantage here than in his former market—England—which he remarked seemed to have made no improvement in twenty years compared with the progress here; and he said, with a sigh, that the probability was their people would abandon England for their supplies, which, he added, we could more advantageously furnish to them; and, to complete the picture, an English apostle of free trade was on his way over to enlighten us as to the prejudice—this time in a humanitarian point of view—caused by our villainous protective laws.

I have been in this center of manufacturing industry of Connecticut, the Naugatic Valley, but thirty six hours, and what I have learned here is more wonderful still as to the good results of protection to our people and manufacturers. The first three men I met in the streets had each to tell me a tale of unexpected orders from England for their products exhibited at the Centennial. Meeting later, at a friend's office, a number of manufacturers, and making inquiries on this subject, I came to the conclusion on their statements that, of the 100 or 150 different articles of manufacture in this valley, one third, and perhaps one-half, were now in demand or saleable abroad where but two or three were twenty years ago. What more amazed me was the fact given by one of them, that a friend of his had received a recent order from England for portable steam engines. "We have them cheaper here," wrote his correspondent, 'but yours are better, and better made."

There were several very intelligent English manufacturers on board, with whom I conversed on this painful subject of the loss of their markets with us. All admitted that protection had commenced the work which had been completed by the superior intelligence and inventive spirit of our workmen, which is stimulated to produce labor-saving machines, which their English trades unions will not permit to work, and anticipate serious competition from us in other markets.

Notice.

To whom it may concern:

You are hereby notified that I have bought of Andrew Schleiff, of sergeant township, the following articles viz One sewing machine, one crimping machine, one treeing machine, one hundred lasts, about fifteen sets patterns, and a lot of leather, all of which articles are now in the shoe shop now occupied by said Andrew Schleiff, at Clermont. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle with any of the above articles, as I have only left them with the said Andrew Schleiff for a time.

ANDREW REYNOLDS.

Clermont, Pa. Oct. 24, 1876.—t2-3t

FINANCIAL STATEMENT of Sergeant School District from June 1st, 1875, to June 1st. 1876

Lawrence Boyer, Treasurer.	Dr.	
Received from Co't com'rs	$800 00	
Received from State Treas.	624 23	
Received from Seated Duplicate	212 26	
Received from State Appropriation	27 90	
Total		$1664 89
Lawrence Boyer, Treasurer.	Cr.	
By Drafts	$983 75	
By Treasurer Percentage	19 01	
By Collector "	18 77	
By Exonerations	19 30	
By Amount charged over	4 35	
Total		$1664 19
Cash to balance		$621 71
Remaining in Treasury.		$621 73

Countersigned:

WM. T. TOTTEN, President

JOHN HITCHMAN Secretary.

Sergeant, McKean Co. Pa., Oct. 26, 1876.-3t

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

At Farmers Valley.

A Tumser, late of Smethport, has opened a New Tailor Shop at Farmers Valley, near the depot, Patronage solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

13-51-1y A. TUMSER.

Platform Wagons.

I sell a wagon that is warranted. Should anything prove defective within one year from date of sale, caused by imperfect workmanship or material, the manufacturers will repair the same, or replace with new, *free of charge to the purchaser.* Try one.

C. M. COLEGROVE.

40-6m Colegrove, Pa.

For Sale.

One Store with a dwelling house attached, for sale with the entire stock of goods, consisting of a general assortment of Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions &c Has a pleasant location in the village of Kane. Also one House and Lot, Barn, &c., all of which will be sold at the most reasonable terms.

Enquire of or address

O. D. COLEMAN,
Kane, McKean Co., Pa.

Kane, August 10, 1876.—tf

J. G. EATON,

DEALER IN

Heavy & Shelf Hardware,

OILS, PAINTS,

GLASS, PUTTY,

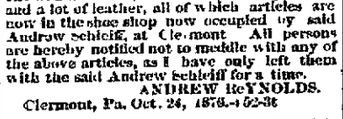
TIN & WOODEN WARE

New Store,

Mechanic St., 2 doors south of Water

12-35 SMETHPORT, PA.

Coffins and Caskets.



P. L. Webster

WOULD INFORM the citizens of Bradford and vicinity that he keeps ready made coffins, soft and hard wood caskets, etc., constantly on hand.

BILLIARDS!

Having opened a Billiard Parlor over J. P. WENDEL'S STORE, ON MAIN ST., I would solicit the patronage of Gentlemen who enjoy a

Quiet Game of Billiards

free from annoyance or disturbance.

NO DRINKING OR GAMBLING

will be permitted on the premises, and every thing will be conducted decently and in order. I will also furnish

OYSTERS

in any style or quantity desired, on short notice. Also

Cigars and Tobacco.

NEW CIDER NOW ON DRAUGHT.

Give me a call, and you shall be treated well.

48-tf *JABEZ BECKWITH.*

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

The Latest Edition!

Important News.

Great Fall in Dry Goods!

AT FRANK N. TAYLOR'S STORE.

Having just returned from the Eastern cities with an IMMENSE STOCK of Spring and Summer Goods carefully selected from the

Latest and Newest Styles.

and bought with especial reference to the wants of my customers, and at bottom prices, I can offer every line of goods at bargains never before equalled in McKean County.

My stock is complete in every line, compriaing

DRY GOODS,

Prints, Linens and Silks,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, NOTIONS

CARPETS, WALL PAPER, OIL CLOTHS,

with many other articles too numerous to mention. Give me a call, and I will guarantee satisfaction both in prices and goods.

FRANK N. TAYLOR.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE

SMETHPORT, PA.,

The following List comprises some of the many articles constantly on hand:

Axes
Augers
Auger Bits
Awls
Axle clips
Axle grease
Apple parers
Barn door hinges
Barn door rollers
Base knobs
Bath brick
Bed castors
Bell cords
Beef pounders
Bolts
Bench hooks
Bench screws
Bevels
Bits
Blacking
Blind butts
Blind staples
Bolts, all kinds
Boot jacks
Brads
Brass
Boring machines
Brushes
Buckets
Bull rings
Butts, all kinds
Candle sticks
Cake turners
Calipers
Caps, percussion
Carpet stretchers
Cartridges
Castors
catches
Cattle leaders
Chain, all kinds
Chalk lines
Chalk
Crayons
Chisels, all kinds
Clamps
Cleavers
Clothes lines
Clothes wringers
Coal hods
Coffee mills
Corn cutters
Corn poppers
Crow bars
Curry combs
Curtain pins
Cutlery
Dippers
Dividers
Dog collars
Draw shaves
Egg beaters.
Expansive bits
Faucets
Fellos plates
Files
Plating machines
Forks all kinds
Freezers
Fry pans
Gate hinges
Gauges
Gimlets
Glazier's point
Glue
Glue pots
Grain sickles
Gridirons
Gunpowder
Grindstones
Gun nipples
Hammers
Hand vises
Handles all kinds
Hasps and staples
Hatchets
Hay knives
Hinges all kinds
Hoes
Hooks all kinds
Horse pickers
Horse rakes
Horse shoes
Iron all kinds—and Planing, mills and tanners
Kettles
Keys
Knives
Lamps
Lanterns
Levels
Locks
Mallets
Match safes
Measuring tapes
Meat cutters
Mole-scare gates
Mop sticks
Mouse traps
Mowing machines
Nails
Oils
Oilers
Oil stones
Picks
Picture nails
Planes
Pulleys
Pumps
Pliers
Rakes
Rasps
Rivets
Ropes
Rules
Safety fuse
Sand paper
Saws
Saw sets
Saw all kinds
Scissors
Scoops, coal and grain
Screw drivers
Screws
Scythes
Sheep shears
Shot
Shovels
Saws
Spades
Spoons
Squares
Screws
Tacks
Tea kettles
Tobacco boxes
Tee cakes
Tongs
Trowels
Tin ware, all kinds
Vises
Varnish
Wood cutters
Whetstones
White lead
Wrenches, Monkey
Wheat screens &c, &c.

Also Agent for the reliable **Grover & Baker** S. M. Co. Call and see late improvements, &c., on this machine.

SMETHPORT Graded School

THE FALL TERM of the Smethport Graded School opened

Monday, Sept. 18, 1876,

RATES OF TUITION.

In the Primary School per term - - - $5 00
" Intermediate " " - - - 5 00
" High " " - - - 6 00

No extra charge for the Languages

All bills for tuition payable in advance.

For information regarding terms, &c. address or call upon

PROF. H. B. FARMER,
Principal.

MILLINERY

AND

FANCY GOODS

Mrs. W. D. Gallup has opened a store for the sale of Millinery and Ladies' Fancy Goods, in the building

OPPOSITE THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

She will at all times keep on hand the

BEST AND MOST SEASONABLE GOODS,

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

MADAME FOY'S CORSETS A SPECIALTY.

Orders for DRESSMAKING filled with promptness and good taste.

MRS. W. D. GALLUP.

Smethport, Pa. Sept. 14, 1876.-6t-1y

PATTERSON.

JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the Mirza Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 13, 1875.

NEW BOOT & SHOE SHOP.

S. M. LYMAN having opened a Boot & Shoe Shop in J. G. Eaton's building, on Mechanic Street, is prepared to do all work in his line in a prompt and satisfactory manner and at bottom prices for ready pay only. Ladies and Misses' fine work a specialty. Repairing done prompt, also and cheap.

S. M. LYMAN.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 18, 1876. 46-tf

LOCAL MATTERS.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The subscription price of the Miner is $1.50 per year, or $1.25 if paid in advance. Subscribers wishing the paper at $1.25 must pay in advance, or within a short months after the expiration of their subscription.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 2 p. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m. Class Meeting at 12½ p. m. Prayer Meetings on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m.

Preaching at Norwich at 3 p. m., and at Clermont at 8 p. m., every other Sabbath. And Preaching at Coke Creek at 3 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m. and at 7½ p. m. Sunday school immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Haines school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 1st and 3d Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

— They are having delighful weather already in Crescent, Michigan.

— Rev. Mr. Whiteside will preach to the children next Sabbath evening a "Centennial" sermon.

— Those interested in the price of coal will notice the change in Godden & McClure's coal advertisement.

— There is one place at which no voting was done on Tuesday. That was in the District of Columbia.

— Everybody feels relieved that the election is past, and none more so than the newspaper men.

— About thirty-five visitors to the Centennial left the Smethport depot Tuesday morning.

— Florida oranges, as well as the same fruit from Louisiana and the West Indies, are arriving freely in New York.

— Don Pedro's book, "Recollections of My Journey," will be printed in English, French, German, and Portuguese.

— A new barber and hairdresser has opened business in the Wright House. He is said to be an excellent workman.

— The Enterprise Wool Hat Manufactory at Reading, which has been idle three years, began operations last week.

— Pennsylvania has designated Nov. 30th for Thanksgiving, to correspond with the day appointed by the President.

— Over eight millions of people, nearly one fifth of our entire population, have thus far visited the great Exhibition at Philadelphia.

— Work has been resumed at the "Lehigh Mill" of the Allentown Rolling Mill Company. This gives one hundred and fifty men at work.

— The engine for Hackhill's oil well has at last arrived, and now we trust the hopes for oil on Smethport will be speedily realized.

— The last denominational trick—"Tuck" is going to die at Lewis (on the sly) with begin characteristic tickets. "Tuck," that's all.

— Bradford has organized a lecture association, which proposes to have a course of eight lectures this winter. The first to be given about Dec 1st.

— The coal-mining town of Sugar Notch, near Wilkesbarre, was nearly destroyed by fire on Saturday night, the work of incendiaries.

— The territory in the vicinity of Garland, Warren county, is to be leased for oil to the highest bidder, by parties living in that town, and others from Titusville.

— The Editor of the Bradford Era and his wife started for the Centennial Tuesday afternoon, which will account for the noticeable lack of interesting matter in this issue.

— It is reported that Geo W. Childs has bought the New York Tribune, to be delivered after election, without its real estate, for $500,000.

— Poor Brigham. Hereafter he will be compelled to trudge along afoot in his old age. His horses and carriages have been sold out to pay Ann Eliza's alimony.

— One-third of the entire distance between New York and Philadelphia at the Pennsylvania Central has been four-tracked. The completion will be accomplished at no distant day.

— Tuesday was Woman's Day at the Centennial. The horrid men were all attending election, and the dear things had the whole business all to themselves.

— There is now one prisoner in our county jail, and there will probably be another one before many days if some of our friends are successful in their well-laid plans.

— Two hundred miners from the McIntyre mines paraded in a Republican torch-light procession at Elmira last Saturday evening. They wore their mining lamps crowned and burning.

— The Empress of Brazil has presented the Queen of England with a dress woven spider's webs. Its equal for beauty and quality has never been seen. The finest silk cannot compare with it.

— Election in Smethport passed off in a quiet and orderly manner. No disturbances occurred until evening, when the "anthemoning" of certain persons must have arisen to quite a pitch, judging from the noises on the street, and the various fights reported.

— Slade, the American medium, who came to certainty grief in London, has been sentenced to three months imprisonment, under the vagrant act. In parliamentary language, he Slade on the table for the time being.

— A very frank, but bold individual on the Pennsylvania Central, the other day, refused to pay his fare, and on being confronted by the employees, drew a revolver, marched off the cars at Jersey City and was soon lost in the crowd.

— A young Chinaman has been admitted to the collegiate Institute at Napa, California, without opposition from the scalawags, who treat him as well as though he were of their own race. He has parted with his queue, and dresses like an American.

— An editor's excuse for discontinuing the publication of his paper was that everybody else stopped the paper, and he thought he would.

— President Grant has consented to be present, and discharge in his official capacity the duty of finally and formerly closing the International Exhibition of 1876.

— Harry L. Wilson, of Muncy, is now clerking for Hamlin & Townsend at Clermont, in place of Will Specht, who is in the Drug store of A. B. Armstrong.

— Jennie June says Tweed's quarters, consisting of a parlor and bedroom, have been neatly and neatly fitted up for him in Ludlow Street Jail, and arrangements made with a well known caterer near by to supply the thick tenderloin of steak, which is his favorite dish.

— The first newspaper published in North America was the Boston News-Letter, commenced April 24, 1704. It was half a sheet of paper, twelve by eight, two columns on a page. B. Green was the printer. It survived seventy-two years.

— "We go to press at 2 instead of 4 today," said a Texas exchange, "in order to attend to some business of importance to the country." At precisely five minutes before 4, two high toned looking men with shot guns called and wanted to know where the editor was.

— The wife of D T Mitchell, of Bloomsburg, was found dead in her bed on the morning of the 14th ult She complained of feeling unwell on returning to rest the previous evening She was much esteemed by her friends and acquaintances. She leaves three children

— The trousseau for Miss May, who is to marry James Gordon Bennett, has arrived from Europe, where it was collected at an expense of $20,000, according to the gossips. It is said to be the most beautiful and elaborate ever prepared for an American lady

— We have authoritative information that the rumor mentioned in our last issue, that the superintendent of the Buffalo Coal Company had influenced the votes of the employees was entirely without foundation We are glad to be confirmed in our belief in his integrity and honor.

—The Mansfield Advertiser says: At the session of the Synod of Harrisburg, held at Jersey Shore recently, Judge Williams, of Wellsboro, submitted an elaborate and interesting report upon the subject of Church benevolence The services which the Judge has rendered the Synod in this direction were acknowledged by a rising vote of the body.

— Work has been commenced on the new telegraph line of the Western Union Co., between Titusville and Bradford via Warren and Kinzua The wire is now being put up on the poles of the D, L & W & P Railroad between Warren and Titusville and he time will be finished during this month There will then be a direct line between Bradford and Pittsburg via Titusville and Warren

— The Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Company have resumed work, with full force on full time all the rolling Large sales of coal have been made by the company to iron manufacturers in the Lehigh, who are putting their furnaces into blast, and the daily shipments on the New Jersey Central Railroad aggregate 15,000 tons. About 15,000 men are employed by the company, and the resumption of mining, together with a general movement to business, has brightened business in the Valley.

— Round-the-world-tourists, crossing the Pacific en route for Japan, on arriving at the 180th degree of longitude, drop a day from their calendar The returning ship adds a day to its reckoning. It happened to the Rev. Dr. Field crossing this meridian on the 18th of June, which fell on a Sunday, to enjoy two successive Sundays in mid-ocean, one of which was the Sunday of Asia, and the other that of America and Europe. The reverend chronicler sadly records the fact that many of his fellow voyagers, in their perplexity as to which day ought to be devoutly observed, failed to keep either day, and so instead of gaining two Sundays, lost the one which was theirs of right

— In looking over patent medicine almanacs I noticed certificates unlike any I ever received, or ever wish to receive. I was so and so, and after using six, twelve, or twenty-four or more bottles of your valuable medicine, was restored to perfect health, etc." I have not yet known any person to use half a dozen bottles of James' Cough Pills to restore health, unless it was in case of Asthma, which was incurable, and the pills were used for relief, aged persons thus use them.—Pam. Sold by all druggists in Smethport. 2:

— The Congregational Association of New York and Brooklyn, at a meeting held November 1st, adopted a series of resolutions condemning as false and slanderous all charges and insinuations against Henry Ward Beecher. A Committee of the Association was appointed in April to cooperate with the Advisory Council in the case of Mr. Beecher, and that Committee immediately advertised for all information whatever regarding the charges against the character of the Plymouth pastor. The Committee waited for more than six months for persons to come forward in support of the charges, but none appeared, and they reported the fact to the semi-annual meeting of the Association on Wednesday, with the above result.

Lost.—At or near, W. J. Colegrove's store at Colegrove station, a Judgment note dated August 20, 1875 for $135, drawn by C. A. Burdick. C. M. COLEGROVE.

A Correction.

We stated last week that the Cooper movement advocate who was stumping McKean county, had been considerably relieved of his spare currency by some of our "village boys" in a quiet game of "draw." We have since learned that our informant was mistaken, and that the "green-back man," as he is called, was not the man at all with whom the boys had their little set-to. We regret very much that the mistake should have occurred in the hurry of making up our paper last week, as we have not the least disposition to injure his personal character, and there make this ample retraction of our statement so far as it concerns him very willing and gladly. It was a common report on the street and we reported it just as we were informed from what we had every reason to consider undoubted authority.

We have here done our part to repair any injury that may have occurred to the gentleman's reputation by the mistaken report, and now we would ask the noisy democrat of this borough who loudly and frequently asserted that he had played "poker" with him a few evenings ago, and would direct him again before he got out of town, what he has got to say about it.

——Since the above was in type we learn that the gentleman referred to in the correction, at the instigation of some of our warm democratic friends in this borough has instituted proceedings in a suit for libel against the editor and publisher of the MINER. He had not the manhood to come to us and demand a retraction of the report in circulation, and hear our explanation, as he had a perfect right to, but in this he undoubtedly acted upon the advice of his backers and advisers in this borough. The courts will decide the matter as between the gentleman and ourselves. We are perfectly willing to leave it to that tribunal, and further words on that score are unnecessary But it is not for the courts to decide as between ourselves and the gentlemen, who had given us heretofore every reason to believe us warm personal friends, and who, simply because of a difference in political opinion, went out of their way to take up and push against us a case in which they had no interest whatever, in the hope of running us financially. Public opinion can only deal justly with such living libels upon true manhood and honor

Truth Stranger than Fiction.

A week or two since a gentleman who resides in this vicinity went to Philadelphia and put up at a hotel, and, while resting after tea in the reception room, overheard two gentlemen conversing in regard to a trial then in progress before one of the courts of that city. Our neighbor learned from this conversation that a man had obtained money upon his wife's property, she refusing a mortgage The money was spent in dissipation, the wife became a raving maniac, and was confined in the asylum, where she now is, the husband died, and the two children of this unfortunate couple were furnished with a guardian by the court, who was maintaining the suit, then being tried, against the holder of the mortgage on the ground that the wife was not of legal age when the instrument was executed. The gentleman recollected that a niece of his, who left this vicinity when a child, had married a man of the same name as the one mentioned as having squandered his wife's patrimony, and concluded to investigate He made his way to the Court House the following morning, and to his intense surprise and gratification was the very person needed to establish, to a certainty, the age of the unfortunate woman, and save to her worse than orphaned children property valued at $2,500 Did the Goddess of Intuition and Discernment preside over the destinies of the poor people who are our neighbor to the city of Philadelphia and cause him to appear at the proper time, or was it chance, blind chance?—Nancy Lomenary

A Singular Fact.

Thanksgiving Day this year will fall on the last day of November. This only happens once in every six or eight years, and will occur on that date only three times more in this century in 1835, 1903 and 1959. It will be observed, the last day of thanks will come on the last Thursday of November, the last day of the month, and on the last year of the century. Notwithstanding all this, turkeys will still be the order of the day.

The Lick Will to be Contested.

The trust deed of Lick, the late San Francisco millionaire, is to be contested by John H Lick, who claims to be a son of the deceased. The main grounds on which the trust deed is to be contested are insanity and undue influence on the part of the trustee and others. The legitimacy of John H Lick will be made a prominent feature in the contest by the trustees, and the impression prevails that it will be difficult to prove any action on the part of his father by which his legitimacy can be established.

RESPONSIBILITY OF RELATIVES.—Here is a fact not generally known: An act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, passed June 13, 1874, says: "The father and grandfather, and the mother and grandmother, and the children of every poor person unable to work, shall at their own charge, being of sufficient ability, relieve and maintain such poor person at such rates as the Quarter Sessions of the county where such poor persons reside shall order and direct." This, it will be seen, makes children and grandchildren responsible for the support of their parents and grandparents, if the latter are unable to maintain themselves; while it also makes parents and grandparents liable for the support of their children and grandchildren in case the latter are destitute and unable to work for a living.

Married.

WOLTERS—KELLER.—In Port Allegany, Nov. 6, 1876, at the residence of Mr. Solomon Barrett, Esq, by Rev. J. W. Gamble, Mr. CHARLES H. WOLTERS, of this place, and Miss FLORA A. KELLER, of Port Allegany.

FOSTER—COON.—In Friendship, Oct. 25th, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev F. M. Alvord, Mr. CHARLES C FOSTER, of Bradford, Pa., to Miss HANNAH L. COON, of the former place.

CLARK—CROCKER.—In Tarport, Pa., at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. WILLIAM CLARK, and Miss EDNA CROCKER, both of Tarport.

HILLIBISH—KILDAY.—In Bradford, at the residence of Mr. J R. Pomeroy, Esq, Mr. JOSEPH HILLIBISH, formerly of this place, and Miss SUSAN KILDAY, of Bradford.

— The Russian Court invited Dr Ayer and his family to the Archduke's wedding in the Royal Palace. This distinction was awarded him not only because he was an American, but also because his name as a physician had become favorably known in Russia on its passage round the world.—Pueblo (Col.) People.

WANTED.—To rent to a small family a four room house in this borough. Possession given on or after Nov. 10. For particulars call at this office.

A Card.

TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC.

For many years we have made two medicines suited to the ailments of a vast class of sufferers. Thousands of cures have been made by them, and, in fact, the word failure could never be coupled with them But within the last two years counterfeits of our medicines have sprung up, dangerous in their close imitation of our Trade Mark. To secure the people we have placed upon each genuine box of Holloway's Pills and Holloway's Ointment the fac-similie of the signature of our Agent, Mr. Jos. Haydock. We shall relentlessly pursue any one who imitates this with the utmost vigor of the law. We most earnestly beg but the great mass of the American people will aid us in our efforts to protect their health, and help us in our task of bringing these most unprincipled men to the bar of justice Uniformly refuse to purchase Medicines purporting to be ours unless Mr Jos Haydock's signature is attached to each Box of Pills or Pot of Ointment and the end will soon be reached

The public's obedient servants
HOLLOWAY & CO.
44-tf

WITHOUT A PARALLEL?—We believe that the wonderful results accomplished by the use of *Shiloh's Consumption Cure* are without a parallel in the history of Medicine. Those who disbelieve this and have occasion to try it, can be convinced without expense to themselves Its success is so wonderful and sure that we sell it on a guarantee to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Hoarseness Asthma, Whooping-cough, Croup In these cases or any Lung trouble don't fail to try it, it may save your life While it will cost you nothing if it gives you no relief Call at the Drug Store of A. B Armstrong's, and get a trial bottle for 5 cents, or a regular size for 50 cents or $1.00

S C WELLS, sole Prop'r LeRoy, N. Y

HACKMETACK" a new and delightful Perfume sold by, A. B. Armstrong
13-3teow-6m

McKEAN & BUFFALO R. R.

Takes effect Oct 16 1876.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Coal	Mail.	Local.
Clermont	6 00 p m	1.15 p m	7 50 a m
Wermwag		1 25	8.00
Hamlin		1.37	8 12
Colegrove		1 44	8.17
Crosby		1 46	8 21
Smethport	6.53	2 03	8.45
Farmers Va.		2 15	8 59
Frisbees		2.26	9 11
Larrabees	7.25 p m	2 35 p m	9 20 a m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Coal	Local
Larrabee	11 20 a m	8.00 a m	4 05 p m
Frisbees	11.26		4 13
Farmers Val	11 36		4 28
Smethport	11 50	6 30	4.39
Crosby	12 05		4 54
Colegrove	12 09		4.58
Hamlin	12 13		5 02
Wermwag	12 28		5 18
Clermont	12 40 p m	7 25 a m	5 30 p m

S V. GODDEN Supt.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'y

Takes effect July 3, 1876

Going South.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.	Accom.
Buffalo	7 25 a m	5.15 p m	8.30 a m
Olean	10 31	8 36	4.35
Eldred	11 11	9 10	
Larabees	11 14	9.27	6.45
Pt Allegany	11.38	9.55	
Emporium	12.40	11.00	

Going North.

STATIONS.	Express.	Express.	Accom.
Emporium	3.30 a m	3.45 p m	
Pt Allegany	4.30	2.50	
Larabees	4.54	3.15	4 30 a m
Eldred			
Olean	5.47	4.10	6 26
Buffalo	9 00	7.20	2 50

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, JULY 2, 1876, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

NIAGARA EXPRESS	leaves	Renovo	4.20 p m
"	"	Driftwood	5 27 p m
"	"	Emporium	6 30 p m
"	"	St. Marys	7.21 p m
"	arr. at	Erie	9.30 p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves	Philadelphia	11.25 p m
"	"	Renovo	11 00 a m
"	"	Emporium	11.55 p m
"	"	St. Marys	1.40 p m
"	"	Kane	2.30 p m
"	arr. at	Erie	7.35 p m
ERIE EXPRESS	leaves	Renovo	2.15 a m
"	"	Driftwood	5 07 a m
"	"	Emporium	5.40 a m
"	"	St. Marys	6.53 a m
"	"	Kane	8.20 a m
"	arr. at	Erie	10.20 a m

EASTWARD.

DAY EXPRESS	leaves	Erie	6.45 a m
"	"	St. Marys	7.53 a m
"	"	Emporium	9.10 a m
"	"	Driftwood	9.38 a m
"	"	Renovo	10.10 a m
ERIE MAIL	leaves	Erie	11.30 a m
"	"	Kane	4.15 p m
"	"	St. Marys	5 37 p m
"	"	Emporium	6.30 p m
"	"	Renovo	9.45 p m
"	arr. at	Philadelphia	6.50 a m
PHILAD'A EXPRESS	leaves	Erie	3.10 p m
"	"	Kane	5.40 p m
"	"	St. Marys	10 03 p m
"	"	Emporium	11.30 p m
"	"	Driftwood	12 07 a m
"	"	Renovo	1.10 a m

Day Express and Niagara Express connect east and west with Low Grade Division, and Niagara Express connects west with B. N. Y. & P. R. R.

Wm. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Supt.

Orphan's Court Sale.

IN RE the estate of JOHN F. FENTON dec'd:

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Orphan's Court held in and for the county of McKean on the 27th day of Sept 1876, I, the undersigned guardian of the minor heirs of John F. Fenton, dec'd, will expose to public sale on the

25th day of Nov. A. D. 1876,

at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate situate in Corydon township, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, to wit: Warrant No 3722, containing one thousand acres of land, also six hundred acres off the east part of Warrant No. 3732. All unimproved. P. FORD.
Guardian.

Oct. 26, 1876.-n52-3t

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of Timothy Robbins, deceased, late of Keating township, McKean county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

BRUCE P. ROBBINS.
Administrator.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 23, 1876

Strayed

Came to the enclosure of the undersigned about the 25th of last September a commonsized brindle steer calf, with a white spot in his face The owner of said calf can recover the property by paying charges.

O. A. TICKLES
Keating township, Oct, 26, 1876-n52-6t

DISEASES OF MEN.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE. HAPPY RELIEF to Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelope. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N Ninth st Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.—y14-n1-1y.

Special Notice

COAL! COAL! COAL!

We would advise all parties to not delay in purchasing their coal, as the cold weather advances, so will the price of coal.

— OUR PRESENT QUOTATIONS:

HARD COAL.

Size.	By ton delivered	Not delivered.
Grate	$7.40	$6.90
Egg	7.50	7.00
Chestnut	7.50	7 00
Stove	7.70	7.20

SOFT COAL.

Lump	$3 70	$3.20
R. of M.	3 40	2 90
Nut & Sl'k	2.90	2.40

To parties purchasing by the car, we will make a favorable reduction. All orders left with either Godden or McClure, will receive prompt attention

GODDEN & McCLURE.
Smethport, Pa. Sept. 14, 1876. 40-tf

MARK THESE FACTS!

THE TESTIMONY OF THE WHOLE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers.

ALL description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure by Heyle plastering the edges of the wound together in a jelly, for should the skin unite a boggy diseased condition remains and breaks out with tenfold fury in a few days The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and throughout the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as salt is forced into meat. This will cause the malignant humors to be drained off from the bad, swollen, and disordered parts about the wound, sore or ulcer, and when these humors are removed, the wounds thereafter will soon heal, warm bread and water poultices applied over the affected parts, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, will also assist and greatly assist the cure There is a description of ulcer, sore and swelling which need no be named here, a resultant upon the follies of youth, and for which this Ointment is urgently recommended as a sovereign remedy In curing such pernicious sores it never fails to restore the system to a healthy state if the Pills be taken according to the printed instructions

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.

Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient, it will soon penetrate, and give immediate relief Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system, and its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once Whosoever tries the ungnent in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved as by a charm All sufferers from these complaints should envelope the throat at bedtime in a large bread and water poultice, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, it will greatly assist the cure of the throat and chest To allay the fever and fasten the inflammation, eight or ten Pills at once be taken night and morning The Ointment will produce perspiration, the grand assistant in all cases of fevers, sore throats, or where there might be an oppression of the chest, either from asthma or other causes.

Piles, Fistulas, Stricture.

The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then the ointment effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these diseases should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for a considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though applied to the eye. Three again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth;—Sores and Ulcers

Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills taken night and morning, as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time with the use of the Pills to insure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis and Stiff Joints.

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the affected parts, even after every other means have failed In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES

Bad Legs,	Corns (soft)	Rheumatism,
Bad Breasts	Cancers,	Scalds,
Burns,	Contracted and	Sore Nipples,
Bunions,	Stiff Joints,	Sore Throats,
Bite of Moschetoes and Sandflies,	Elephantiasis,	Skin Diseases,
Piles,	Fistulas,	Scurvy,
Coco-bay,	Gout,	Sore Heads,
Chigo-foot,	Glandular Swellings,	Tumors,
Chilblains	Lumbago,	Ulcers,
Chapped Hands,	Piles,	Wounds,
		Yaws

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box, of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Prof HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world. in pots at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

F. N. TAYLOR,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods & Groceries,

BRADFORD, PA.

I am prepared to offer special inducements in

DOMESTICS & DRESS GOODS,
UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, SOCKS,

And all other articles usually kept in a

First Class Country Store.

I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY OTHER DEALERS.

I respectfully invite the citizens of Bradford township to call and examine my goods and prices, and I guarantee satisfaction.

Frank N. Taylor.

13-1dly

R. O. SMITH & Co.

OLEAN, N. Y.

SPECIALTIES

DRESS GOODS.

BLACK SILKS.
BLACK CASHMERES,
COLORED CASHMERES,
CAMEL'S HAIR SUITINGS,
NOVELTIES IN ALL WOOL SUITINGS.

CLOAKS & SHAWLS.

LARGE LINE OF READY-MADE CLOAKS,
LARGE LINE OF WOOL SHAWLS.

WOOLENS.

COMPLETE STOCK OF BLACK BEAVERS,
NEW WOOLENS FOR LADIES' CLOAKS,
LARGE LINE OF FANCY WATER-PROOFS.

CARPETS.

NEW LINES FALL PATTERNS AT REDUCED PRICES

BOOTS & SHOES.

VERY FULL ASSORTMENT IN ALL GRADES.

DOMESTICS.

ALL AT VERY LOW PRICES.

We are in shape to sell these Goods at prices below competition, and are demonstrating it daily.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

M. L. Armstrong,
Dealer in

ELGIN WATCHES.

Agent for
ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS
in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

A LECTURE
TO YOUNG MEN.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cts.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally: Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book" &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-Abuse may be effectually removed with at medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This lecture will prove a boon to thousands

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box 4586.
18-35y

FOR

PARLOR AND BEDROOM FURNITURE,

Go to the Manufactory of

ALBERT BEST & CO.
39 & 41 Perry St., Buffalo, N. Y.

ALBERT BEST & CO.
39 & 41 Perry St., Buffalo, N. Y.

From 25 to 50 per cent. saved by purchasing of First Hands

ALBERT BEST & CO.
39 & 41 Perry St.
(NEAR FOOT OF MAIN ST.)
Buffalo, N. Y.

46-1y

Dressmaking.

Mrs. G. C. Kidder is prepared to do all kinds of plain and fancy dressmaking in the latest styles and at reasonable prices, at her residence on Green street. Give her a call.
47-4w.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING

DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Drugs, Chemicals,

Patent Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS,

Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY

WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES,

Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

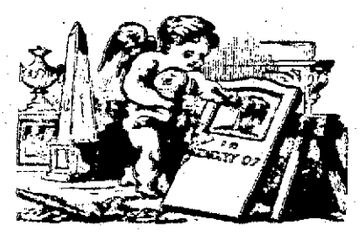
ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES and LIQUORS, Etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street,



Smethport, Pa.

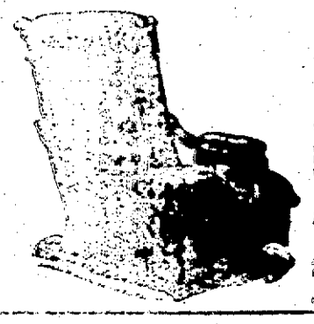
ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

TWO IMPORTANT INVENTIONS

OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE.

1st. A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR,



2d. A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS, with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bane of mothers, being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,

BUFFALO, N. Y.,

and for sale by the principal dealers throughout the United States.

☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE NEW

"DOMESTIC"

A Double-Thread Lock-Stitch Machine.

It runs with great facility the lightest and finest as well as the heaviest and coarsest fabrics.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT as a machine that can be used without harm by any one, because it requires so little effort of any kind, it being EASY.

THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE WORLD.

With our printed directions, no instruction or mechanical skill is required to operate it.

The construction of the machine is based upon a principle of unique and unequalled simplicity, comprising simple levers working upon centers. The bearings are few, and they are hardened and polished.

The machines are made at our new works in the city of Newark, N. J., with new special machinery, in a substantial manner, constructed expressly to accomplish what we now offer.

Every machine fully warranted.

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO.,

New York and Chicago.

FASHIONS

SAVINGS.—By using the "Domestic" Paper Fashions the most stylish and perfect-fitting costumes can be produced, at a large saving in MONEY to those who choose to make their superintend the cutting of their own garments. With the highest talent and the best facilities in all departments, and the best ideas of the most skilful artists, both at home and abroad, we are enabled to attain results far above the reach of the ordinary dressmaker. Our styles are always the latest and best. Our elegant illustrated catalogue is mailed to any lady sending five cents with her address. Agents wanted everywhere.

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO.,

New York and Chicago.

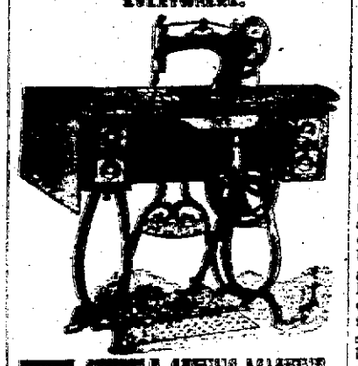
McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Published weekly at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, and of the Seventeenth District of Northern Penn'a. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican circulation is very large and steadily increasing, and as an Advertising Medium it has no equal in the Northern Counties of this State.

PERFECTION

ATTAINED AT LAST!

A TRIAL WILL INSURE ITS POPULARITY EVERYWHERE.



WHITE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

When once used will retain its place forever.

WE EXCHANGE MACHINES.

Send your old-fashioned, cumbersome, heavy-running, woman-killing machine to us, and we will allow you $30 for it, as part payment for one of ours.

IT IS CELEBRATED FOR ITS ADVANTAGES, IN THAT IT IS ONE OF THE LARGEST SEWING MACHINES MANUFACTURED, ADAPTED ALIKE TO THE USE OF THE FAMILY OR THE WORK-SHOP. IT HAS THE LARGEST SHUTTLE, WITH A BOBBIN THAT HOLDS ALMOST A SPOOL OF THREAD.

THE SHUTTLE TENSION IS ADJUSTABLE WITHOUT REMOVING THE SHUTTLE FROM THE MACHINE.

THIS MACHINE IS SO CONSTRUCTED THAT THE POWER IS APPLIED DIRECTLY OVER THE NEEDLE, THUS ENABLING IT TO SEW THE HEAVIEST MATERIAL WITH UNEQUALED EASE. IT IS VERY SIMPLE IN ITS CONSTRUCTION, DURABLE AS IRON AND STEEL CAN MAKE IT, ALL ITS WEARING PARTS CASE-HARDENED OR STEEL, AND INGENIOUSLY PROVIDED WITH MEANS FOR TAKING UP LOST MOTION, SO WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN

Warranting Every Machine for 3 Years.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST AND EASIEST-RUNNING MACHINE IN THE MARKET. IT IS, ALSO, THE MOST ELEGANT, ORNAMENTED, AND PRETTIEST MACHINE EVER PRODUCED.

WITH ALL THESE ADVANTAGES, IT IS SOLD FROM $10 TO $25 LESS THAN OTHER FIRST-CLASS MACHINES.

EXCLUSIVE CONTROL OF TERRITORY GIVEN TO AGENTS.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR CASH OR ON CREDIT.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND TERMS TO

White Sewing Machine Co.,

358 Euclid Avenue,

CLEVELAND, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, for the relief of human suffering and the saving of human life, none is more certain to rank higher than this of the Cherry Pectoral for the cure of pulmonary complaints. Having been long employed in the public practice of my profession, I have had ample opportunity of testing the virtues of my medicines, and of watching their effects upon the various diseases of the throat and lungs. A trial of this fact has convinced my friends and neighbors, and, indeed, of all classes, in this section of country, that I possess a remedy of unusual power over the most dangerous disorders of the human frame. Other countries, I am informed, have shown that it possesses equal virtues there. The testimony of this class, of all classes, establishes the fact that the Cherry Pectoral will cure those terrible diseases of the throat and lungs which have heretofore baffled the skill of the physician, and filled the land with mourning. Nor is this all. Innumerable certificates, from all parts of the country, prove that it counteracts the most dangerous symptoms of pulmonary disease, and counteracts them permanently. Even in those cases which are pronounced incurable, and in which only palliatives can be employed, it will be found to prolong life, and render the sufferer comparatively comfortable. Under these circumstances, I feel it my duty to make it known to the public. I have no secrets in my medicines. They are simply the best remedies I can command for the relief of suffering humanity, and I am willing that the world should know what they are. Nor am I alone in this. Many of my professional brethren, in various parts of the country, are daily using the Cherry Pectoral, and with the most beneficial results. Clergymen, who have tested its virtues, are loud in its praise. Many of these gentlemen have sent me certificates of cures, which I would gladly publish, but that I am unwilling to subject them to the importunities of those who are afflicted, and who would be likely to trouble them for advice. Suffice it to say, that I have abundant evidence that the Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy we possess for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all throat and lung affections. Also as a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, Dr. W. C. Stevens, 123 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

From a Druggist and Express Agent.

LEWISBURG, Union Co., Pa., Dec. 23, 1876.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Boston:

Gentlemen—For the benefit of those afflicted with dyspepsia or weakness of the digestive organs, I would state that I have been engaged in the drug business upward of twenty years, during which time I have sold no medicine that has relieved so many as the Peruvian Syrup, and having myself been afflicted for a long time with indigestion, I was perfectly cured by taking one large bottle.

JONATHAN WOLFE.

Sold by all druggists.

THE GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, New York, has reduced prices to suit the times. The traveler can now stop at a first-class hotel for $2.50 to $3 per day. Take in the largest hotel in the city, and Mr. Powers has taken the proper step to keep it full. We recommend the traveling public to give the Grand Central a trial.

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

Millions of bottles of BURNETT'S COCOAINE have been sold during the last twenty years, and the public have rendered the verdict that it is the best hair dressing in the world.

The family provided with GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP need have no fear, if it is used freely of saltrheum, scald head, ringworm, itch or any other of these annoying and disfiguring eruptions, which children are so apt to contract at school. Depot, Crittenton's, No. 7 Sixth avenue, New York.

Perfect blacks and splendid browns are created by Hall's Hair Dye.

The fact that the proprietors of Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh are permitted to refer to so well known and respected a gentleman as Henry Wells, Esq., of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, must weigh heavily in its favor.

FORTUNES FOR ALL.—Agents wanted. Address Bullion Mining Co. 178 Broadway, N.Y.

INVALID PENSIONS INCREASED. By recent law. Patents, Trade Marks, &c.—How to obtain them. Write C. A. L. BINGHAM & CO. Att'ys for Claims, Patents, Land Titles, Washington, D. C.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks	07¾@	10 35
Common to Good Town "	07½@	10 00
Milch Cows	50 00 @	75 00
Hogs—Live	07½@	08
Dressed	07½@	08½
Sheep	03½@	04¾
Lambs	05 @	06½
Cotton—Middling	10½@	11
Flour—State Western	5 70 @	6 15
State Extra	5 75 @	7 00
Wheat—Red Western	1 17 @	1 20
No. 2 Spring	1 20 @	1 20
Rye—State	87 @	91
Barley—State	1 00 @	1 20
Barley—Malt	82 @	93
Oats—Mixed Western	56 @	61
Corn—Mixed Western	89 @	90
Hay, per cwt	80 @	90
Straw, per cwt	60 @	80
Hops	10@—32 @37	70@ 25
Pork—Mess	16 75 @	19 00
Lard	09½@	10½
Pitch—Rosin, No. 1, new	10 00 @	17 00
" No. 2, new	7 00 @	9 00
Tar, per bbl	3 00 @	3 50
Dry Cod, per cwt	3 00 @	5 00
Herring, Scaled, per box	20 @	21
Petroleum—Crude	12 @12½	Refined, 20
Wool—California Fleece	18 @	23
Texas "	10 @	23
Australian "	33 @	41
Butter—State	23 @	28
Western Dairy	22 @	29
Western Ordinary	21 @	22
Western Ordinary	18 @	20
Cheese—State Factory	13 @	14
State Skimmed	05 @	07
Western	08 @	13
Eggs—State	20½@	23½

BUFFALO.

Flour	5 25 @	9 75
Wheat—No. 1 Spring	1 00 @	1 20
Corn—Mixed	51 @	53
Oats	16 @	28
Rye	75 @	78
Barley	70 @	90

PHILADELPHIA.

Beef Cattle—Extra	05 @	06½
Sheep	03½@	05
Hogs—Dressed	06½@	08
Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	6 00 @	6 00
Wheat—Red Western	1 18 @	1 20
Rye	91 @	95
Corn—Yellow	60 @	61
Mixed	59 @	60
Oats—Mixed	37 @	38
Petroleum—Crude	17 @18	Refined, 20

A DAY OF THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation by the President—The 30th Day of November Appointed.

By the President of the United States:

A PROCLAMATION.

From year to year we have been accustomed to pause in our daily pursuits and set apart a time to offer our thanks to Almighty God for the special blessings He has vouchsafed to us, with our prayers for a continuance thereof. We have at this time equal reason to be thankful for His continued protection, and for the many material blessings His bounty has bestowed. In addition to these favors accorded to us as individuals, we have especial occasion to express our hearty thanks to Almighty God that by His providence and guidance our government, established a century ago, has been enabled to fulfill the purpose of its founders in offering an asylum to the people of every race, securing civil and religious liberty to all within its borders, and meting out to every individual alike, justice and equity before the law. It is, moreover, especially our duty to offer our humble prayers to the Father of all mercies for a continuance of His divine favor to us as a nation and as individuals.

By reason of all these considerations, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend to the people of the United States to devote the thirtieth day of November next to the expressions of their thanks and prayers to Almighty God, and laying aside their daily avocations and all secular occupations to assemble in their respective places of worship and observe such day as a day of thanksgiving and rest.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this twenty-sixth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and first.

[L. S.] U. S. GRANT.

HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Chapped hands, face, pimples, ringworm, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and rough skin made soft and smooth, by using JOHNSON TAR SOAP. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.—*Com.*

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, Dr. W. C. Stevens, 123 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

English Banks.

Matters are managed very differently by the great banking institutions in London from what they are in the United States. In 1842-3, says a correspondent, I was a junior clerk in the Union bank of London, then in its infancy, now an immensely rich and prosperous concern, second only to the Bank of England. The public banking hours were then from nine to five o'clock, and from five to six the daily balance of all transactions was struck. During that hour two directors (changed every fortnight) were always in attendance, whose special business was to see all cash, notes and other securities counted over in the presence of the manager (similar to cashier in the United States), and who themselves deposited the money, etc., in the strong-room, each having a distinct and separate key, which he took home. No clerk was permitted under any circumstances to leave until the daily balance was proved, whether the error amounted to £5,000 or one penny. It constantly happened that we were kept there until seven, eight, nine, ten, and once I remember until twelve o'clock. It was therefore impossible for any teller to go home until his books and cash agreed, the latter being handed over to the directors in their private room and counted and locked up by them.

The *Christian Leader* (N. Y.), in speaking of Merchant's Gargling Oil, says: "Mr. Hodge is a gentleman of liberal tastes and excellent judgment, and the Gargling Oil Company, under his thoroughly judicious direction, has become one of the strongest and soundest concerns that grace the commercial annals of our State. Other medicinal specialties, in addition to the Gargling Oil, are beginning to claim the company's attention, and of their great success we have as little doubt as we have of their intrinsic merit."

Lung fever, common cold, catarrhal fever and nasal discharge of a bromide of lime in horses, may be checked at once by liberal use of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.*

$6 a Day to Agts. Sample free. G. Albert, Boston, Mass.

$2 PER 100. Carte and Gravelux. Address JAMES THORP, Box 497, Vineland, N. J.

PORTRAITS, etc., drawn by machinery. Apparatus by mail &c. Agents wanted. Sciotograph M'f'g Co., Phila., Pa.

$25 A DAY to Agents. Sample free. 32 page Catalogue. L. FLETCHER, 11 Day St., N. Y.

AGENTS FOR J. M. MUNYON & CO., Philada., Pa.

$10 a Day. Employment for all. Circular & Sample, 10 cts. Catalogue free. Bolton & Co., 119 Tremont st., N.Y.

REVOLVER 7 shot $6.50, 70 styles. Ill. Cat. Free. Western Gun Works, Chicago, Ill.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$2 OUTFIT FREE. Best Chance Yet. Write at once. COLLINS & CO., 9 Clinton Place, N.Y.

24 a Week Salary guaranteed to male & female. Send stamp for circulars. E. M. Bodine, Jeffersonville, Ind.

$200 a month. Outfit worth $1 free to Agents. Excelsior M'f'g Co., 151 Mich. Ave., Chicago.

AGENTS wanted, on salary or commission. New but-ness. Address J. E. MARCY & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ASTHMA. The only sure remedy. Trial package free. L. SHUTTLEWORTH, Cleveland, O.

1000 Latest Novelties, Tricks, Games, Popular Books etc. 8 cent stamp for Catalogue. ARGAR & Co., Box 4740, Postoffice, New York.

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1877 Send 25 cents to receive Samples and Agency of popular 32-page Journal. PRATT BROS., Marlboro', Mass.

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$350 A Month.—Agents wanted. 30 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

$3 WATCHES. A Great Sensation. Sample Watch and Outfit free to Agents. Better than Gold. Address A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

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MONEY Made rapidly with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogues and samples FREE. S. M. Spencer, 347 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

WANTED energetic salesmen; hotel and traveling; 4 expenses paid by Company. A rare chance for permanent employment. Address Union Industrial Works, Cincinnati, Ohio.

LOOK! Type and Materials lower than ever. Send 10c. for Illustrated Catalogue. NATIONAL TYPE CO., 46 to 52 North 3rd St., Phila., Pa.

$10 to $1000 Invested in Wall St. Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 17 Wall St., N. Y.

$60 A WEEK Male or female. No capital required. We give Steady work that will bring you $240 a month at home day or evening. Address Universal Union, 175 Greenwich Street, New York.

$3 OUTFIT FREE TO AGENTS, men and women. Article patronized by everybody. Sells at sight to every young lady and gent. SCIENTIFIC NOVELTY CO., 19 Astor Place, New York.

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NO MONEY We will start you in a business you can make $50 a week without capital; easy and respectable for either sex. AGENTS' SUPPLY CO., 261 Bowery, N. Y.

LOVERS' Guide to marriage, wealth and beauty, never fails; love letters, wishes, etc. Book worth $50 now mailed free by THE UNION PUB. CO., Newark, N. J.

$10 to $25 a day made by Agents selling our Chromos, Crayons, Picture and Chromo Cards. 125 samples free. $5 to $25 outfit for Sale. Illustrated Catalogue free. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, BOSTON, MASS.

AGENTS If you want the best selling article in the world and a solid gold watch, never watch, free of cost, address G. J. BRIDE & CO., 785 Broadway, N. Y.

The New Work, Indispensable to F. A. M. Sells at sight. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars. Hubbard Bros., Publishers, Cincinnati, O.

PARLOR GAME—Logomachy, or War of Words, universally acknowledged to be the best game ever published. For sale by all dealers. Outfits by mail on receipt of 50 cents. Circulars free. Published by F. A. WRIGHT, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. R. S. FITCH'S FAMILY PHYSICIAN. Sample Copy, Paper Covers, 10 cts. Cloth Bound (Gold Title) Illustrations, 132 pages, 25 cents by mail. Address as Fitch, 714 Broadway, New York.

FARMERS or their sons wanted this fall and winter. (For 2 in each Co.) to sell a few staple articles of real merit to the farmers in their own counties. Business pleasant, profitable and good. Particulars free. J. WORTH, St. Louis, Mo.

TEAS.—The choicest in the world—importers prices—Largest Company in America—Staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—Don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBT. WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.

PATENTS PROCURED. TOTAL COST $35. Send for Circulars to KNIGHT & KNIGHT, Washington, D. C.

$250 REWARD for an Incurable Case. Dr. J. P. FITLER, being sworn, says: I established in 1825, exported to Europe in 1850, have served 2 years in Philadelphia Hospital, Gout, Kidney and Liver Diseases a specialty. DR. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY, Kidney Cordial, and Dandelion Pills, are all prepared strictly from my own and Medical Advice sent by mail, etc. Address DR. FITLER, 1004 South Fourth street, Philadelphia. MEDICINES AT DRUGGISTS.

EMPLOYMENT. A few persons of ordinary intelligence can secure a profitable and permanent employment in their own localities. Experience is not necessary—the only requisite a being, as in all successful business, industry and energy. Send for circulars containing full information. Address H. B. FARNHAM, Box 481, Detroit, Mich.

CIDER. "BOWKER'S PRESERVATIVE" will keep sweet the year round. A sample package, enough to keep half a bbl. sweet, sent to any address for 25 cents. Address H. B. BOWKER & CO., Chemists, 142 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

A BOOK for the MILLION. MEDICAL ADVICE A 40 page Pamphlet on Rheumatism, Catarrh, Rupture, Opium Habit, &c., SENT FREE. Cure of stamp. Address, Dr. BOTTS, 1 Warren St. (near 6th Ave.), New York.

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